DETOUR TOWNSHIP, CHIPPEWA COUNTY

STATE OF MICHIGAN

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

March 31, 2006

Aud	litin	g P	rocedures Re 2 of 1968, as amended an	port nd P.A. 71 of 1919,	as amended.				
			emment Type		-	Local Unit Name			County
	ount	у	☐City ∑ Twp	□Village	Other	DETOUR	TOWNSHIP		CHIPPEWA
Fiscal Year End Opinion Date					Date Audit Report				
March 31, 2006 August					10, 20	06	Novemb	per 15,	2006
We affirm that:									
We are certified public accountants licensed to practice in Michigan.									
We further affirm the following material, "no" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (report of comments and recommendations).								s, including the notes, or in the	
	YES	9	Check each applic		•				
1.	X		All required comporeporting entity not					the financia	al statements and/or disclosed in the
2.	X		There are no accur (P.A. 275 of 1980)	mulated deficits or the local un	s in one or iit has not o	more of this u	nit's unreserved foudget for expend	und balance litures.	es/unrestricted net assets
3.	X		The local unit is in	compliance wit	h the Unifo	orm Chart of A	ccounts issued by	y the Depart	ment of Treasury.
4.	X		The local unit has a	adopted a budg	jet for all re	equired funds.			
5.	T		A public hearing or	n the budget wa	as held in a	accordance wi	th State statute.		
6.	X			not violated the	Municipal	Finance Act,	an order issued u	inder the En	nergency Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	X		•					e collected for	or another taxing unit.
8.	<u>X</u>		The local unit only						
9.	X		The local unit has no illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to our attention as defined in the Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan, as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).						
There are no indications of defalcation, fraud or embezzlement, which came to our attention during the course of our audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division (LAFD). If there is such activity that have not been communicated, please submit a separate report under separate cover.									
11.		X	The local unit is fre	e of repeated	comments	from previous	years.		
12.	X		The audit opinion is	s UNQUALIFIE	D.				
13. The local unit has complied with GASB 34 or GASB 34 as modified by MCGAA Statement #7 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).					ent #7 and other generally				
14.	X		The board or coun-	cil approves all	invoices p	rior to payme	nt as required by	charter or st	tatute.
15.	X		To our knowledge,	bank reconcili	ations that	were reviewe	d were performed	i timely.	
If a local unit of government (authorities and commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is not included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, please enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission. I, the undersigned, certify that this statement is complete and accurate in all respects.									
We	hav	e en	closed the followin	g:	Enclosed	Not Require	d (enter a brief justi	ification)	
Fina	ancia	al Sta	tements	_	X				
The letter of Comments and Recommendations X									
Oth	er (D	escrib	e)						
Cert	ified P	ublic A	Accountant (Firm Name)				Telephone Number		
	11e		Halvorsen &	Leonhard	t, P.C.	•	(906) 635 City		State Zip
			Spruce Street	, P.O. Bo	x 437	_	Sault Ste.		MI 49783
			Signature		P	rinted Name		L	icense Number
JAMES JAMES					ار	Mas A GIL	477		014856

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GILLETT, HALVORSEN & LEONHARDT, P.C.

MEMBER OF THE MICHIGAN
ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
MEMBER OF THE AMERICAN
INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Certified Public Accountants

478 W. SPRUCE ST. / P.O. BOX 437 SAULT STE. MARIE, MICHIGAN 49783

TELEPHONE 906/635-1589 FAX 906/635-1089

JAMES A. GILLETT
JAMES E. HALVORSEN
CHARLES W. LEONHAROT

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Township Board Detour Township Detour, MI 49725

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Detour Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of Detour Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of governmental activities, each Major Fund and aggregate remaining fund information of Detour Township as of March 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position where applicable thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Detour Township implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments as of April 1, 2005. This results in a change in the format and content of the basic financial statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-7 and the budgetary comparisons on pages 29-30 are not a required part of the financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States

of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Detour Township implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments as of April 1, 2005. This results in a change in the format and content of the basic financial statements.

Testett Halvorsen of Leonhardt Pc

Gillett, Halvorsen & Leonhardt, PC Certified Public Accountants

August 10, 2006 Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2006

Within this section of Detour Township annual financial report, the Township's management provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Township for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006. Detour Township's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section. The discussion focuses on the Township's primary government, unless otherwise noted.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The Township also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Township's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information of the Township's overall status. Financial reporting on this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Assets. This is the township-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the Township would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of Township infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities which reports how the Township's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of this statement of activities is to show financial reliance of the Township's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided to the Township.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Township has one kind of fund:

Governmental funds are reported in the financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the Township's governmental funds. The statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources available at the end of the year. These are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between the two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the basic financial statements for the general fund. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the Township's adopted and final revised budget.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information, which follows the notes to the financial statements.

TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

The Township's assets exceed its liabilities by \$449,872 for the fiscal year reported.

Total net assets are comprised of the following:

(1) Capital assets of \$19,643 include land, property and equipment net of accumulated depreciation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE - (CONTINUED)

- (2) Net assets of \$4,772 are restricted by constraints imposed from outside the Township such as grantors, laws or regulations.
- (3) Unrestricted net assets of \$425,457 represent the portion available to maintain the Township's continuing obligations.

The Township's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$411,574 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$427,078 showing an decrease of \$15,504 during the current year.

The Township implemented GASB-34 accounting procedures for the period beginning April 1, 2005, therefore a comparative analysis cannot be performed this year. A comparative analysis will not be performed in future years because Townships with a population of less that 2,000 people are required to be audited every other year.

In a condensed format, the table below shows the net assets of the Township at March 31, 2006.

. 31, 2000	Governmental Activities
Current assets	\$445,021
Restricted assets	4,772
Non-current assets	19,643
Total Assets	\$469,436
Current liabilities	\$ 8,064
Long-term liabilities	11,500
Total Liabilities	\$ 19,564
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets	\$ 19,643
Restricted	4,772
Unrestricted	425,457
Total Net Assets	\$449,872
10041 1100 1100000	=======

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

The following table shows the activities of Detour Township for the year ended March 31, 2006.

	Governmental Activities
Program Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 32,448
Operating grants	2,247
General Revenues	
Taxes	76,988
Payments in lieu of taxes	2,908
Interest income	8,802
Other income	677
Total Revenues	\$124,070
Program Expenses	
Legislative	\$ 3,461
General government	43,755
Public safety	1,500
Public works	74,426
Community and economic development	250
Culture and recreation	2,480
Other expenses	5,559
makal Rayangan	\$131,431
Total Expenses	
Change in Net Assets	\$ (7,361) =======

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP'S FUND

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$441,729. Of this year end total, \$436,957 is unreserved indicating availability for continuing Township activities. Reserved fund balances include \$4,772 committed to public works.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The general fund pays for all the Township's governmental services. These services were largely supported by property taxes and state shared revenues.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the Township Board amended the budget to take into account events during the year. The Township's actual expenditures exceeded the budgeted expenditures in five instances for a total of \$44,528 for the year ended March 31, 2006, which included \$24,426 on roads and \$18,643 on capital outlay.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of 2006, the Township had \$19,643 invested in a broad range of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, including land, fixtures and office equipment. In addition, the Township has invested significantly in roads within the Township. The roads are not reported in the Township's financial statements because Michigan law, makes these roads the property of the Chippewa County Road Commission (along with the responsibility to maintain them).

LONG-TERM DEBT

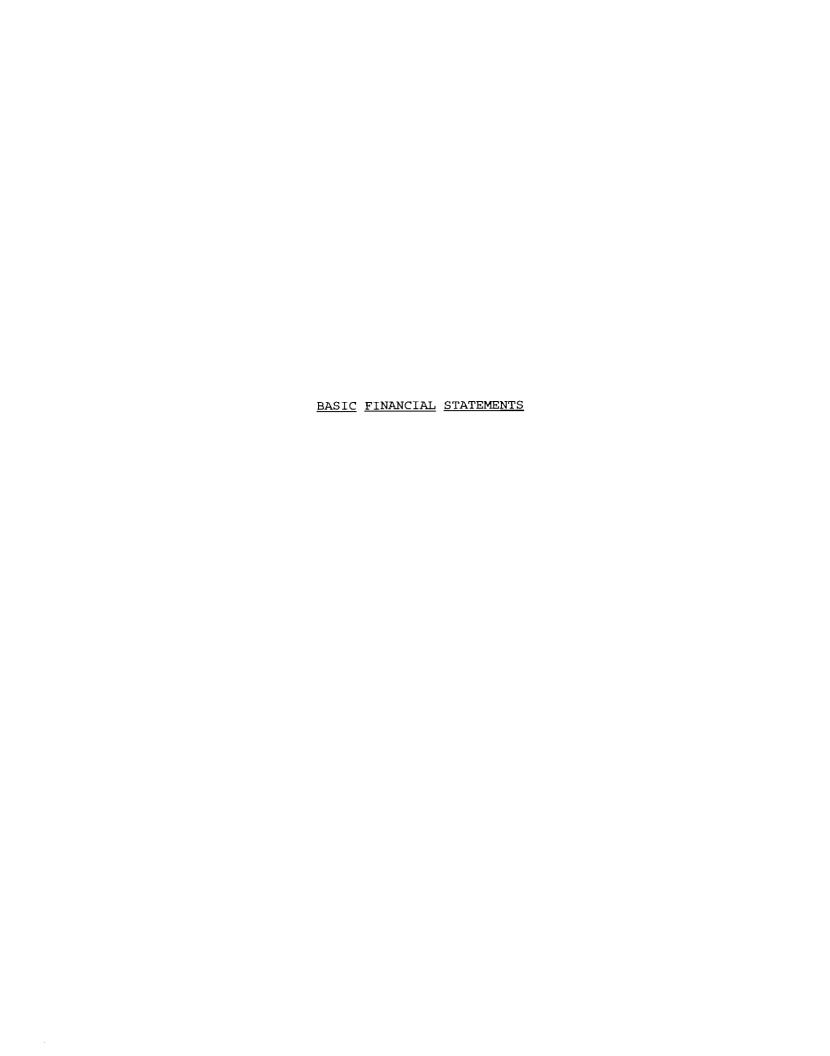
At the end of the fiscal year, the Township had long-term debt outstanding of \$11,500. During the year the Township, jointly with the Village of Detour, purchased a parcel of land to be used for economic development. See Note 7 for additional information.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Because of the impact of Proposal A, the Township needs to continue to watch its budget very closely. The state-wide tax reform act limits growth in taxable value on any individual property to the lesser of 5% or inflation. Because some properties increase in value by less than inflation, the mathematical result of this is that the total taxable value for the Township will grow less than by inflation, before considering new property additions. Also, reductions in State Revenue sharing continue to impact the township.

CONTACTING THE TOWNSHIP'S MANAGEMENT

The financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Supervisor's office at: 260 Superior Street, Detour, MI 49725 or (906) 297-5471.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2006

±=====================================	======================================
======================================	
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and equivalents	\$411,664
Due from other funds	23,088
Due from other governmental units	5,379
Taxes receivable	4,890
Total Current Assets	- \$445,021
Restricted Assets	
Cash and equivalents	4,772
Non-current Assets	
Buildings and equipment - net of depreciation	19,643
TOTAL ASSETS	\$469,436
	2=====
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 3,174
Deferred revenue - taxes receivable	4,890
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 8,064
Non-Current Liabilities	
Note payable	11,500
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 19,564
	, ,
NET ASSETS	4 10 642
Invested in capital assets	\$ 19,643
Restricted for: Public works	4,772
Unrestricted	425,457
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$449,872

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended March 31, 2006

=======================================	======	PROGRAM R		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		CHARGES FOR OPERA SERVICES GRA	TING CAPITA NTS GRANTS	NET L (EXPENSES) REVENUES
=======================================				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Legislative		\$ -0- \$		
General government		32,448		(11,307)
Public safety	1,500	-0- -0- 2,	-0-	(1,500)
Public works	74,426	-0- 2,	247 -0-	(72,179)
Community and economic development	250	- 0 - - 0 -	-00-	(250)
Cultural and recreation	2,480	-0-	-0-	(2,400)
Other expenditures	5,559		-00-	(3,33)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	-	\$ 32,448 \$ 2,		
GENERAL REVENUES				
Taxes				76,988
Payments in lieu of taxes				2,908
Interest income				8,802
Other income				677
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES				\$ 89,375
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS				\$ (7,361)
NET ASSETS - APRIL 1, 2005				457,233
NET ASSETS - MARCH 31, 2006				\$ 449,872

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

March 31, 2006

=======================================	=========
	GENERAL FUND
=======================================	=========
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds Due from other governmental units Taxes receivable	\$416,436 23,088 5,379 4,890
TOTAL ASSETS	\$449,793 =======
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deferred revenue - taxes receivable	\$ 3,174 4,890
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 8,064
FUND BALANCES Restricted for public works Unrestricted	\$ 4,772 436,957
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$441,729
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$449,793

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2006

=======================================	=======================================
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$441,729
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets of \$27,346, net of accumulated depreciation of \$7,703, are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund. See note 5 for additional detail.	19,643
Long-term liabilities of \$11,500 are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. See note 7 for additional detail.	(11,500)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$449,872

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended March 31, 2006

	:======================================
	GENERAL
	FUND
=======================================	:============
REVENUES	
Taxes	\$ 76,988
State grants	2,247
State shared revenues	32,448
Payments in lieu of taxes	2,908
Interest income	8,802
Other income	677
TOTAL REVENUES	\$124,070
EXPENDITURES	
Legislative	\$ 3,461
General government	43,755
Public safety	1,500
Public works	74,426
Community and economic development	250
Culture and recreation	2,480
Other expenditures	25,202
MODEL DEPONDICUIDES	 \$151,074
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7131,071
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$(27,004)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITORED	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Proceeds from long-term debt	11,500
11000000 110 101 111	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER	
FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER EXPENDITURES	\$(15,504)
FUND BALANCE - APRIL 1, 2005	427,078
FUND BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2006	\$411,574
•	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended March 31, 2006

	=======================================
Net change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$(15,504)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay of \$19,643 exceeded depreciation of \$-0- in the current period.	19,643
Long-term liabilities of \$11,500 are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(11,500)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (7,361)

======

BALANCE SHEET - AGENCY FUND

March 31, 2006

	=======================================
=======================================	TAX
	COLLECTION
	FUND
	=======================================
ASSETS	
Cash and equivalents	\$301,499
•	======================================
LIABILITIES	\$ 23,088
Due to other fund - general	• •
Due to other governmental unit - county	87,287
Due to other governmental unit - schools	191,124
-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$301,499
	=======



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Detour Township, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Township:

A - REPORTING ENTITY

Financial Reporting Entity

Detour Township is a regular law Michigan township located in the eastern portion of Michigan's Upper Peninsula.

The Township operates under an elected Board of Trustees and provides services to its residents in many areas including fire and ambulance protection, community enrichment and development, public works, parks and recreation, and general administrative services.

The Township, for financial purposes, includes all funds relevant to the operations of Detour Township. The financial statements herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable State laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from Detour Township.

B - GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Detour Township has no business-type activities or separate component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital or

NOTE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B - GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Detour Township has only the general fund and no fiduciary funds.

C - MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes Receivable - Current Property Taxes

The Detour Township property tax is levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by State statutes) located in Detour Township as of the preceding December 31st.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C - MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Although Detour Township 2006 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2005, it is Detour Township's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the subsequent year or the current year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2005 taxable valuation of Detour Township totaled \$39,653,700, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 1.5472 mills for Township operating purposes.

The Township reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund

This is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund type:

Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Township as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C - MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's tax collection function and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

D - ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

Bank Deposits and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of twelve months or less when acquired. Deposits are recorded at cost.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent of March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

Inventories and Prepaid Items - All inventories, including the cost of supplies, are expensed when purchased. Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond March 31, 2006, are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D - ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance- In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$200 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	40 to 60 years
Building Improvements	15 to 30 years
Vehicles	3 to 5 years
Office Equipment	5 to 7 years
Computer Equipment	3 to 7 years

Long-Term Debt - In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt or other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenue - Federal grants and assistance awards for all governmental type funds are recorded as intergovernmental revenue in accordance with the terms of the respective grants.

E - USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgets and Budgetary Control - The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a. Each March, the Township Board prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal period commencing April 1 and lapses on March 31. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to April 1, the budget is legally enacted through a resolution passed by the Township Board.
- d. Budgetary control is exercised at the Township Board level for the General Fund. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund (i.e., budget amendments) require approval by the Township Board. Such amendments are made in accordance with the procedures prescribed under Public Act 621 of 1978.
- e. The budget and approved appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- f. The Township does not record encumbrances in the accounting records during the year as normal practice and, therefore, no outstanding encumbrances exist at year end.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the Township Board during the year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for budgetary purposes.

The General fund budget was adopted on the basis of activities or programs financed by the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978 (the Budgeting Act) requires that budgets be adopted for Governmental Funds. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial statements present budgetary comparisons for the Governmental Fund Types for which budgets were legally adopted. The original budget adopted for the General fund was modified throughout the year through various budget amendments. The budget document presents information by fund, function, department and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the Township Board level.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At year-end, the Township's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities	Agency Funds	
Cash and Cash Equivalents -			
Restricted	\$ 4,772	\$ -0-	
Unrestricted	411,664	301,499	
Totals	\$416,436	\$301,499	
	=======	======	

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

	Primary	Agency Funds	
	Government		
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Petty cash	\$ 100	\$ -0-	
Bank deposits - checking	38,740	301,499	
Bank deposits - savings	11,020	-0-	
Certificate of deposits	366,576	-0-	
Totals	\$416,436	\$301,499	
	==== = =	=======	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

Detour Township has no investments.

Investment and Deposit Risk

Interest rate risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the following list of authorized investments.

Credit Risk. The Township has no investments for which ratings are required.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the Township does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of March 31, 2006 \$414,464 of the Township's bank balance of \$714,464, was exposed to credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Statutory Authority:

Michigan Law (Public Act 20 of 1943 as amended) authorizes the Township to deposit and invest in one or more of the following:

- a. Bond, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a financial institution that is eligible to be a depository of funds belonging to the State under a law or rule of this State or the United States.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Repurchase agreements consisting of instruments listed in (a.)
- e. Banker's acceptance of United States banks.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- f. Obligations of this State or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by not less than one standard rating service.
- g. Mutual funds registered under the investment company act of 1940, Title I of Chapter 686, 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 to 80a-3 and 80a-4 to 80a-64, with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- h. Obligation described in (a.) through (g.) if purchased through an interlocal agreement under the urban cooperations act of 1967, 1967 (Ex Sess) PA 7, MCL 124.501 to 124.512.
- i. Investment pools organized under the surplus funds investment pool act, 1982 PA 367, 129.111 to 129.118.
- j. The investment pools organized under the local government investment pool act, 1985 PA 121,MCL 129.141 to 129.150.

The Township's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year end, the carrying amount of the Township's primary and fiduciary deposits was \$717,836 and the bank balance was \$714,464. Of the bank balance, \$300,000, was covered by federal depository insurance according to FDIC regulations. Also, during the year the Township had funds in excess of \$100,000 on deposit in a particular financial institution which would not have been covered by federal depository insurance.

These deposits are in various financial institutions in varying amounts. All accounts are in the name of the Township. They are recorded in Township records at cost. Interest is recorded when the deposits mature or is credited to the applicable account.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

	General Fund
Receivables:	
Due from other funds	\$ 23,088
Due from other governmental units	5,379
Total Receivables	\$ 28,467
	=======

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the current year was as follows:

as follows: Governmental Activities:	Beginning <u>Balances</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balances
GOVETIMENTAL MODELLED.				
Capital assets being depreciated: Machinery and equipment	\$ 7,703	\$ 3,143	\$ -0-	\$ 10,846
Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment	7,703	-0-	-0-	7,703
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$ ~0-	\$ 3,143	\$ -0-	\$ 3,143
Land	-0-	16,500	-0-	16,500
Governmental Activity Capital Total Capital Assets-Net of Depreciation	\$ -0- =======	\$19,643	\$ -0- =====	\$ 19,643

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: General Government

\$ -0-========

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund receivable and payable balances at March 31, 2006 is as follows:

Inter	fund	Interfund		
Recei	vable	Payable		
General	\$23,088	Tax Collection	\$23,088	

There were no interfund transfers for the year ended March 31, 2006.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year, the Township, jointly with the Village of Detour, purchased a parcel of land from Cloverland Electric Co-op to be used for economic development. The total purchase price was \$33,000 with a downpayment of \$10,000 and a land contract payable for the remaining \$23,000. The Township recorded the land purchase in the amount of \$16,500 and a note payable in the amount of \$11,500 for its fifty percent interest. Payment on the note will be 20% increments of the outstanding balance upon sale or lease of each individual parcel. Additionally, interest on the outstanding balance shall build at the rate of the bank prime rate plus 1% per annum with interest to be paid annually on January 31 of each succeeding year until December 31, 2013, at which time a balloon payment of the remaining balance becomes due.

NOTE 8 - RESTRICTED NET ASSETS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Township received \$2,247 under the Metropolitan Extension Telecommunications Right-of-Way Oversight Act (PA 48 of 2002, MCLS 484.3101 - 3120), also known as the "Metro Act". This represents the Township's portion of the fees being paid to the state by telecommunication providers for the Right-of-Way used within the Township. This funding is restricted in use to the maintenance of the aforementioned right-of-way. As of March 31, 2006, \$-0- in expenditures have been made for this purpose. The restricted balance as of March 31, 2006 is \$4,772.

NOTE 9 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

The Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act P.A. 2 of 1968 as amended (MCL 141.421 et seq.), provides that a local governmental unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. Detour Township's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures have been shown on an activity basis. The approved budgets for Detour Township for the budgeted budgeted funds were adopted to the activity level.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 9 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE (CONTINUED)

During the year, Detour Township incurred expenditures in certain budgeted funds, which were in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Appropriated	Expended	<u>Variance</u>
General Fund			
Legislative			
Township Board	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,461	\$ 461
General Government			
Treasurer	14,000	15,418	1,418
Public Works			
Roads	50,000	74,426	24,426
Culture and Recreation			
Parks and Recreation	1,400	1,480	80
Other Expenditures			
Capital Outlay	1,000	19,643	18,643

NOTE 10 - DISTRIBUTION OF TAX COLLECTION

The Township must remit to the schools and the County total taxes collected through the 1st and 15th day of each month within 10 business days after the 1st and 15th day of each month. In addition, the Township is required to remit within ten business days, at least 90% of the total property tax collections on hand as of February 28 for tax revenues that were collected for other taxing units. During the year ended March 31, 2006, the Township remitted taxes to the schools and the county within the required time periods.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries, as well as workmens compensation benefits provided to employees.

The Township participates in the Michigan Township Participating plan for general liability, property loss, automobile, professional, public official errors and omissions liabilities. This plan is a self insurance risk association operating within the State of Michigan pursuant to Act 138, Michigan Public Acts of 1982. This plan through its risk manager, secures insurance policies or reinsurance treaties to cover the risks undertaken on behalf of the Township above the \$100 deductible amount. The Township pays an annual premium of \$2,915 for this plan. The plan has a maximum liability for general liability of \$3,000,000, wrongful acts of \$2,000,000 and automobile liability of \$1,000,000.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Therefore, the Township has no additional liabilities beyond the contribution made to the Michigan Township Participating Plan for general liability, property loss, automobile, professional, public official error and omissions liabilities as it is covered by insurance policies or reinsurance treaties obtained by the plan.

In addition, the Township has purchased commercial insurance for workmens compensation benefits.

Settled claims for the insurance have not exceeded the amount of coverage in the past three years. There was no reduction in coverage obtained through insurance during the past year.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Township has received financial assistance from state and federal agencies in the form of various grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreement and is subject to audit by the grantor agency. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund of the Township. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the Township at March 31, 2006.

During the year, the Township, jointly with the Village of Detour, purchased property on a land contract agreement. See Note 7 for additional information. As this agreement was jointly signed, there is a potential contingent liability for \$11,500 of the contract should the Village of Detour not meet its obligation.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT

Detour Township does not provide any postemployment benefits and, therefore, no accrual has been recorded for these benefits as of March 31, 2006.

NOTE 14 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Detour Township does not have a vacation or a sick leave benefit policy and, therefore, no accrual has been recorded for these benefits as of March 31, 2006.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2006

NOTE 15 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective April 1, 2005, the Township implemented several new accounting standards issued by GASB:

Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions, as amended by Statement No. 36, Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Non-Exchange Revenues, which establishes standards for recording non-exchange transactions on the modified accrual and accrual basis of accounting.

Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, as amended by Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements - Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments Omnibus, which established new financial reporting standards for state and local governments. This statement requires significant change in the financial reporting model used by local governments, eliminating account groups and utilizing full accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Another significant change is the Management Discussion and Analysis Section, which provides an overall analysis of the financial position and results of operations and conditions that could have significant effect on the financial position or results of operations.

Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, which requires certain note disclosures when implementing GASB Statement 34.

NOTE 16 - BUDGET AMENDMENTS

Once approved, the Township may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations. Authorized budget amendments were approved as follows:

FUND	AMOUNT
General Fund	
Culture and Recreation	
Parks and Recreation	\$ 250
Other Expenditures	
Capital Outlay	1,000
Miscellaneous	(1,250)



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the year ended March 31, 2006

=======================================	:========	:========	:222222	VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL	AMENDED		(OVER)
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	UNDER
=======================================	========	:=== = =====	=======================================	=========
REVENUES				
Taxes		\$ 61, 1 42		
State grants	2,525	2,525	2,247	278
State revenue sharing	31,094	31,094	32,448	(1,354)
Payments in lieu of taxes	8	8	2,908	
Interest income	-0-	- 0 -	8,802	
Other income	-0-	-0-	677	(677)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 94,769	\$ 94,769		\$(29,301)
EXPENDITURES				
Legislative				
Township board	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,461	\$ (461)
General Government				
Supervisor	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 4,526	\$ 2,474
Treasurer	14,000	14,000	15,418	(1,418)
Assessor	13,000	13,000	12,392	608
Clerk	9,000	9,000	5,284	3,716
Board of Review	4,000	4,000	2,660	1,340
Elections	6,500	6,500	1,472	5,028
Attorney	3,000	3,000	263	2,737
Township Hall	2,000		1,740	260
Total General Government	\$ 58,500	\$ 58,500	\$ 43,755	\$ 14,745
Public Safety				
Fire	\$ 750	\$ 750		\$ -0-
Ambulance	750	750	750	-0-
Total Public Safety	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ -0-

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

For the year ended March 31, 2006

=======================================	ORIGINAL BUDGET	AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE (OVER) UNDER
=======================================	=========	*=======	=======	**========
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)				
Public Works Roads	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 74,426	\$(24,426)
Community and economic development Economic development	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,500	\$ 250	\$ 2,250
Culture and Recreation Parks and recreation Library Museum	\$ 1,150 500 500	\$ 1,400 500 500	\$ 1,480 500 500	\$ (80)
Total Culture and Recreation	\$ 2,150	\$ 2,400		
Other Expenditures Employee benefits and insurance Capital outlay Miscellaneous	\$ 8,000 -0- 37,885	\$ 8,000 1,000 36,635	\$ 5,559 19,643 -0-	
Total Other Expenditures	\$ 45,885	\$ 45,635	\$ 25,202	\$ 20,433
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$163,535	\$163,53 5	\$151,074 	\$ 12,461
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$(68,766)	\$(68,766)	\$(27,004)	\$(41,762)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from long-term debt	- 0 -	-0-	11,500	(11,500)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER OVER EXPENDITURES	\$(68,766)	\$(68,766)	\$(15,504)	\$(53,262)
FUND BALANCE - APRIL 1, 2005	427,078	427,078	427,078	-0-
FUND BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2006	\$358,312 =======	\$358,312 =======	\$411,574 =======	\$(53,262) === == ==



GILLETT, HALVORSEN & LEONHARDT, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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TELEPHONE 906/635-1589 FAX 906/635-1089

JAMES A. GILLETT
JAMES E. HALVORSEN
CHARLES W. LEONHARDT

Township Board Detour Township

Detour, MI 49724

We have audited the financial statements of Detour Township for the year ended March 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated August 10, 2006. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY UNDER U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED AUDITING STANDARDS

As stated in our engagement letter dated June 23, 2006, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Because an audit is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material misstatements may exist and not be detected by us.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Management is responsible for selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of the accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Detour Township are described in Note 1 to financial statements. As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, Detour Township changed accounting policies related to financial reporting by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) No. 34 Basic Financial Statements - Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments in April 2005. Accordingly, the cumulative effect of the accounting change as of the beginning of the year is reported in the Statement of Net Assets. We noted no transactions entered into by Detour Township during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are

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particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. Our conclusions regarding the reasonableness of the estimates are based on reviewing and testing the historical data provided by management and using this data to compute the liability.

AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a significant audit adjustment as a proposed correction of the financial statements that, in our judgment, may not have been detected except through our auditing procedures. An audit adjustment may or may not indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the Township's financial reporting process (that is, cause future financial statements to be materially misstated). In our judgment, none of the adjustments we proposed, whether recorded or unrecorded by the Township, either individually or in the aggregate, indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the Township's financial process.

DISAGREEMENT WITH MANAGEMENT

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether significant or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

CONSULTATION WITH OTHER INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion to be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to advise us as to determine the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultation with other accountants.

ISSUES DISCUSSED PRIOR TO RETENTION OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Detour Township's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

DIFFICULTIES ENCOUNTERED IN PERFORMING THE AUDIT

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING INTERNAL CONTROLS

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of Detour Township. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the system of internal control structure of Detour Township taken as a whole. However, our procedures disclosed the following conditions that we would like to bring to your attention.

BUDGET

During the current year, expenditures exceeded the amount appropriated in five instances. Therefore, the Township has not complied with P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, which states that a local unit of government shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. We recommend that budget categories should not be over expended and that the budget be monitored and amended as necessary during the year.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At year end, the Township had \$414,464 in deposits with financial institutions that were uninsured by federal depository insurance. Also, during the year the Township had funds in excess of \$100,000 on deposit in a particular financial institution which would not have been covered by federal depository insurance. We recommend that the Township insure all funds.

SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Separation of duties between persons who authorize transactions and persons who have control over the related assets does not exist to the extent possible in larger entities with several employees involved in the accounting process.

The least desirable accounting system is one in which the employee is responsible for executing the transaction and then recording the transaction from its origin to its ultimate posting in the General Ledger. This increases the likelihood that intentional or unintentional errors will go undetected. In most cases, adequate segregation of accounting duties substantially increases control over errors without duplication of effort.

The desired separation of duties cannot be achieved with a few employees involved. The careful and consistent oversight provided by the Township Board appears to offset the inability to separate various accounting functions and should be continued. The Township Board maintains monitoring of current operations. Operating results are reviewed monthly which provides significant oversight for the inspection of any irregularities and discrepancies. The cost for additional staff to enable separation of duties is likely not economically justified and therefore, the Township Board's oversight is assisting in this internal control function. Our finding is intended only to point out that this element of internal control separation of duties does not, and at present, cannot exist.

ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Township needs to incorporate the modified accrual basis of accounting into its interim financial statements. Numerous adjustments were made to attain the modified accrual basis of accounting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Township Board.

Gillett, Halvorsen & Leonhardt, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Tessett Halvorsen & Leonhardt PC

August 10, 2006 Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan